Interactive comment on “The consolidated European synthesis of CO$_2$ emissions and removals for EU27 and UK: 1990–2018” by Ana Maria Roxana Petrescu et al.

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Received and published: 22 March 2021

Dear Topical Editor Nellie Elguindi, Dear Referees and Editorial Board of ESSD,

As requested, we are submitting responses to the referees’ comments. We will provide as well a track-change version of the manuscript. We will not refer here to grammar or language corrections, but they will appear in the marked-up manuscript. The lines in the following answers refer to the track-change version of the manuscript.

Given that both referees for the companion paper “The consolidated European synthesis of CH4 and N2O emissions for EU27 and UK: 1990–2017” asked us to merge all data figures in one spreadsheet “data_figures_CO2.xlsx”, we did the same for this synthesis and we updated the Zenodo DOI repository with v2 found here: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4626578


REPLY TO THE REFEREE #2 The authors thank Referee #2 for acknowledging this study as being a comprehensive overview and summary of the various estimates of CO2 sources and sinks in Europe, well written and well structured. We thank Referee #2 for the comments to which we answer below.

1) The Reference section contains three different references for “Petrescu et al. 2020” (which are also cited in the text). To avoid confusion, it would be helpful to relabel these as “Petrescu et al. 2020a” etc. We agree and labeled the three Petrescu references as following: a) Zenodo data sets; b) ESSD AFOLU paper, and the companion synthesis paper on CH4 and N2O with 2021, in press.

2) The LUH2 dataset is cited with “Hurtt et al. 2011”, but that paper refers to the LUH1 dataset. LUH2 should be cited with Hurtt et al. 2020 (which is already included in the Reference list), or potentially with both Hurtt et al. 2011 and 2020. Thank you. We changed everywhere to Hurtt et al., 2020 as we refer to LUH2.

3) Line 432: change “emission” to “emissions” We made the correction.

4) Line 431: change “taking into account of the” to “taking into account the” We deleted “of”.

5) Line 457: change “except a daily” to “except for a daily” We added “for”.

6) Line 461: change “extend” to “extent” We made the correction.

7) The section around line 490 describes how the ESACCI-LUH2v2 dataset assumes that shrublands are equivalent to forest. A rough estimate of the impact of this as-
The reviewer would like to see a more precise calculation of the impact of classifying all shrubs as forests in the ESACCI-LUH2v2 product on the NBP fluxes of the EU-27+UK. Note first that ESACCI product effectively distinguishes shrub from forest but that we have further grouped them given that the ORCHIDEE model does not distinguish shrubs. While possible, the scientific benefit is unclear. As mentioned in the paper, the definition of "forest land" varies by Member State in the UNFCCC reporting (table 6.10 in the EU NIR for 2020 gives a nice summary of the forest question https://unfccc.int/documents/228021). Changing all shrub land to some other land type in the simulations (either grassland or cropland) would likely get us closer to the "real" answer, but it's not clear how close, or if we would over- or under-estimate it, given that the definition of forest used in the ESA-CCI maps does not match all of the individual definitions for each member state; one definition of "forest" is applied across the whole ESA-CCI product. Due to the lack of a clear mapping between the ESA-CCI land cover classes and the Member State definitions for land cover and land use, we are not convinced that a more work-intensive estimation, while perhaps more precise, would be demonstratively more accurate than the estimation we already give. However, we have indeed carried out more precise estimate, looking at the amount of land area classified as "shrubs" and "trees" in the original ESA-CCI land cover classification from 2015 for the EU-27+UK. We find a total of 1.01 Mkm² for trees and 0.498 Mkm² for shrubs, which means the proportion of shrubs is significantly higher (50 %) than our previous estimate (10 %). A similar analysis for the FAOSTAT domain Land Cover, shows that shrub-covered areas are around 20 % of that of forested areas. Given the uncertainty in land cover definitions mentioned above, we have modified the text in the manuscript as following, L490-499: “For this study, the ORCHIDEE model used a so-called ESA-CCI LUH2v2 PFT distribution (a combination of the ESA-CCI land cover map for 2015 with the historical land cover reconstruction from LUH2 (Lurton et al., 2020)), and assumes that the shrub land cover classes are equivalent to forest. In terms of area, the original ESA-CCI product corresponding to our domain of the EU-27+UK shows shrub land equal to about 50 % of the tree area in 2015. A similar analysis using the FAOSTAT domain Land Cover, which maps and disseminates the areas of MODIS and ESA-CCI land cover classes to the SEEA land cover categories http://www.fao.org/faostat/en/#data/LC, shows that shrub-covered areas are around 20 % of that of forested areas for the EU-27+UK. The impact of classifying shrubs as "forests" on the total carbon fluxes could therefore account for a significant percentage of the differences between ORCHIDEE and other results in Figure 6.”

8) The description around line 496 about the forest area data from FAOSTAT could use some additional clarification. If FAOSTAT provides the current forest area, not just the FL-FL category, then would it not consider both afforestation and deforestation? Also, line 497 states "This area is based on the same land use/land cover maps", but it is not clear to me what these maps are the same as. We agree that this is an unclear explanation of the area used by FAOSTAT and we corrected as following L507-509: “FAOSTAT forest land area is based on country statistics from the FAO/FRA process and includes not only forest remaining forest area but all forested land, including afforestation.”

9) Line 657: change “emission” to “emissions” We corrected, now on L668.


Additional changes:
We added A. to co-author Richard Houghton L480: Caption Figure 6: we corrected the mean common period to 2006-2015.