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Interactive comment

Interactive comment on "Spatial datasets of radionuclide contamination in the Ukrainian Chernobyl Exclusion Zone" by Valery Kashparov et al.

Anonymous Referee #2

Received and published: 10 December 2017

The measurements presented in this paper constitute a very useful database from the accident of Chernobyl back in 1986. I am very supportive in open data policy, especially when refers to measurements of radionuclides. Personally, I have been chasing such measurements for a long time and I have sent many inquires to the IAEA and the JRC about the measurements of Cs137 that were used to create the ATLAS map, but I haven't received any convincing answer about their fate.

I have minor comments on the manuscript and I strongly recommend it for publication once they are addressed.

- First, when reading the manuscript, I didn't understand where this Ivankov region is.

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I needed to search on google in order to see where exactly this region is. I think it is essential to change Figure 3 and add a secondary map in the same figure where you "zoom out" the existing map and showing, for instance, a map of Ukraine highlighting the Ivankov region.

- Line 56: "to leads" ---> "to lead"
- Lines 71-78 are the same with the last couple of sentences in the Abstract. Please re-frase this part in the abstract of after line 71.
- You must link your database with the data that were published in 2016 by Evangeliou et al. (http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2016.05.030) and stored in radio.nilu.no. They are supposed to be the most extended measurements of deposition over Europe since 1986. I went through the paper and downloaded the data presented there. More than 10 thousand measurements from 1986 are presented for Cs137, with about 30-40% in Ukraine, but much less for Cs134 (see Fig.1 and 2).
- In the aforementioned paper, there are some very dense measurements for Cs137, Sr90, Pu238, Pu239, Pu240 and Pu241 from the CEZ. I have plotted the data presented there in the attached figures (Fig.3-6). These are reported as decay corrected to 2015 and they were provided by the Ukrainian authorities. I think you need to state/prove somewhere whether or not the data you present here are not the same with these presented in the website radio.nilu.no.
- I think it is really important to link your measurements with the data in radio.nilu.no. If in the future someone ever tries to find similar measurements, it would help a lot if finding your paper can give additional information about other possible measurements

Interactive comment on Earth Syst. Sci. Data Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/essd-2017-71, 2017.

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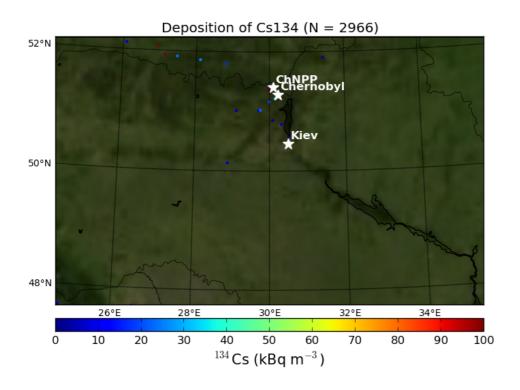


Fig. 1. Cs134 over Europe from Evangeliou et al. (2016) zoomed over Ukraine

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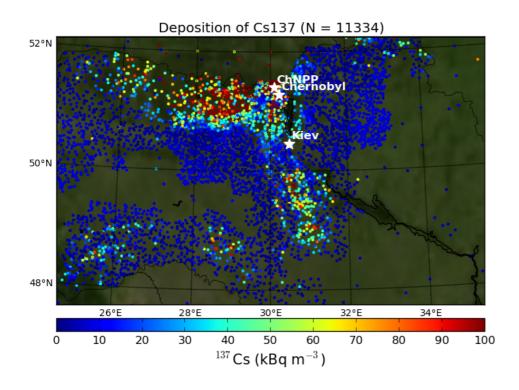


Fig. 2. Cs137 over Europe from Evangeliou et al. (2016) zoomed over Ukraine

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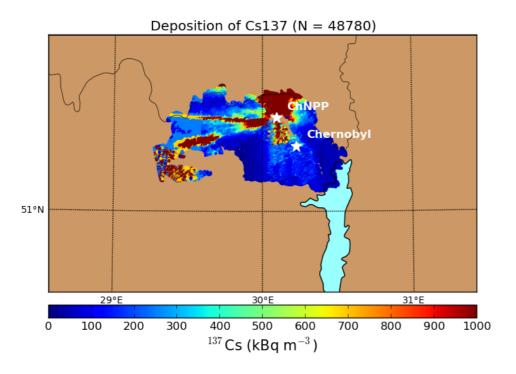


Fig. 3. Cs137 in the CEZ from radio.nilu.no (Evangeliou et al., 2016)

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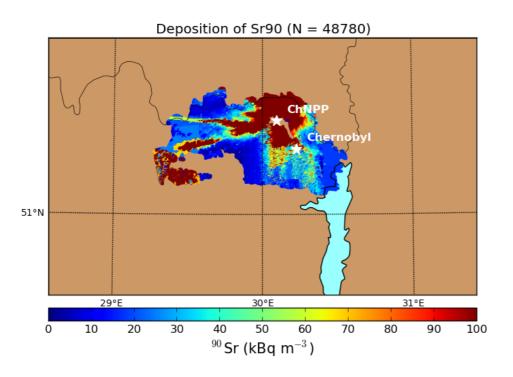


Fig. 4. Sr90 in the CEZ from radio.nilu.no (Evangeliou et al., 2016)

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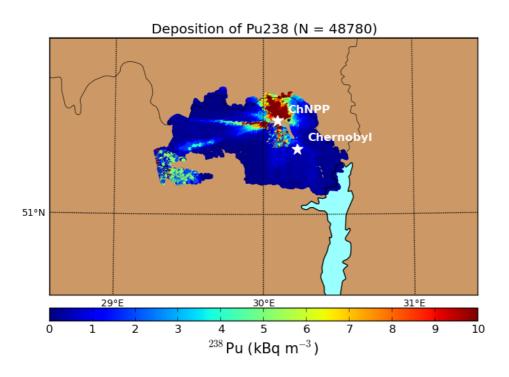


Fig. 5. Pu238 in the CEZ from radio.nilu.no (Evangeliou et al., 2016)

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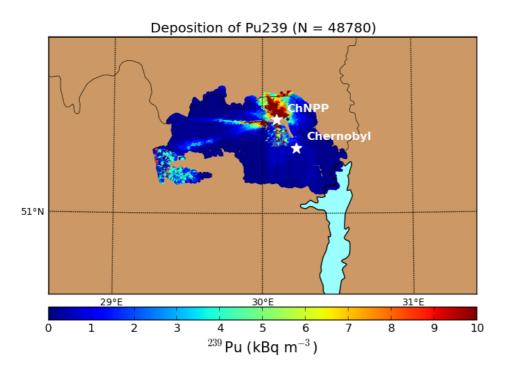


Fig. 6. Pu239 in the CEZ from radio.nilu.no (Evangeliou et al., 2016)

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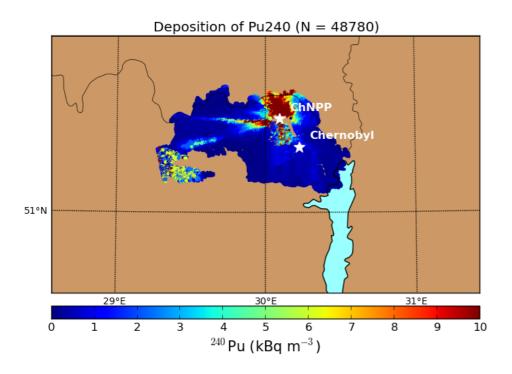


Fig. 7. Pu240 in the CEZ from radio.nilu.no (Evangeliou et al., 2016)

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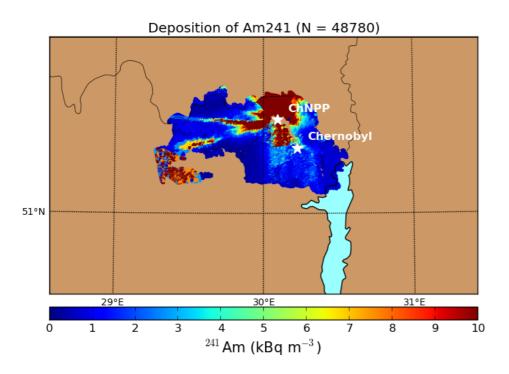


Fig. 8. Am241 in the CEZ from radio.nilu.no (Evangeliou et al., 2016)

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